



# Le Groupe Scolaire Les Figuiers

**Le Collège Le Figuier**

**Humilité - Discipline - Travail**

Fermeture des établissements pour mesure de sécurité sanitaire : Cours et exercices de maison pour les élèves du niveau de la 1<sup>ère</sup> A du **Collège le Figuier de la Riviera Palmeraie**

Vous êtes invité à imprimer les exercices et cours disponibles.

## COURS ET EXERCICES DE MAISON

Merci de « cliquer » sur une matière pour accéder à son contenu.

[ESPAGNOL](#)

[ANGLAIS](#)



ESPAÑOL

DURACIÓN : 1h

Nivel : 1<sup>ère</sup> A

TAREA DE ESPAÑOL

**EJERCICIO 1:**

*Conjugué usted los verbos entre paréntesis en presente de subjuntivo.*

- 1) Los chicos no piensan que el padre (**saber**) la verdad.
- 2) El director no cree que los alumnos (**sacar**) la hoja.
- 3) Quizá nosotros (**llegar**) con retraso.
- 4) Es necesario que los trabajadores (**conocerse**) en el servicio.
- 5) Estarán en casa para que vosotros (**darse**) tiempo.

**EJERCICIO 2:**

*Expresa el desarrollo de la acción y la permanencia en las frases siguientes.*

- 1) Los niños duermen en el salón.
- 2) Mi madre viene del mercado.
- 3) Los profesores hablan mucho.
- 4) Todo el mundo pide dinero al presidente.
- 5) La vida parece difícil en Costa de Marfil.

**EJERCICIO 3:**

Hoy día, los ritos entre el hombre y el diablo es un problema social muy regular. En una redacción, dé algunas causas y proponga soluciones para frenarlo.





ANGLAIS FICHE 1

CLASS: 1<sup>ère</sup> A DATE: .....

STUDENT'S NAME: .....

UNIT 7: POLITICAL CHANGE

WORKSHEET

GRAMMAR CHECK

Exercise 1: Read the passage below. Fill in with words in the box. Write your answers like in 1

They – voting – on – parties – these – a – is - or- process - up – includes - campaigns

The election of the president of ..(1) .....a..... republic, the mayor of a commune ..(2)..... a member of a parliament ..(3) ..... the result of long political ..(4)..... First of all, the government draws ..(5)..... a list of voters. The list ..(6)..... the names of all people who are eligible to vote.

Then the political ..(7)..... draw up lists of candidates ..(8)..... run electoral ..(9)..... to attract voters. They put up billboards and advertisements. ..(10)..... election day, voters go to the (11)..... stations. They receive ballot papers which ..(12)..... use to vote for their preferred candidates.

I-Conjunctions

NOTE :

A- We use conjunctions : and, also , furthermore, in addition, what's more, too-besides- moreover and as well when you want to add information in a sentence.

a) In addition- what's more -besides- furthermore- moreover come at the beginning of the sentence.

b) Also in second or third place in the sentence

c) As well – too are used at the end of the sentence

B- We use conjunctions such as : however – despite – but - although (though) -even if – instead (of)-nevertheless, on the contrary, on the one hand ..... on the other hand and while to express contrast.



**Exercise 1:** Complete with : as well – In addition – also – what’s more – too - besides

Ladies and gentlemen, we bring you an evening of splendid entertainment. We are proud to introduce the fantastic Agege Gogo Dancers. (1)....., you will hear the gentle music of the Six Harmony Harpists. There will ..(2)..... be singing by the Archangel Choir and you will have a chance to join in some of the songs (3). ..... . ..(4)..... , we have some magic, ..(5)..... . a conjuror will amaze you when he makes boys disappear and come back again. (6)..... he will terrify you as he apparently saws a woman in half. Enjoy a brilliant evening.

**Exercise 2:** Make one sentence from two. Use the word(s) in brackets in your sentences.

1 I couldn't sleep. I was very tired, (despite)

I couldn't sleep **despite** being very tired.

2 They have very little money. They are happy, (in spite of)

In spite .....  
.....

3 My foot was injured. I managed to walk home, (although)

.....  
.....

4 I enjoyed the film. The story was silly, (in spite of)

.....  
.....

5 We live in the same street. We hardly ever see each other, (despite)

.....  
.....

6 I got very wet in the rain. I was only out for five minutes, (even though)

.....  
.....



**Adjectives followed by prepositions.**

**Put in the correct preposition:** In – for – on – of – with – at

- 1) Amy is always full ...**of**... energy.
- 2) My home town is not a very interesting place. It's not famous..... anything.
- 3) Kate is very fond ..... her younger brother.
- 4) I don't like going up Ladders. I'm scared ..... heights.
- 5) You Look bored. You don't seem interested..... what I'm saying.
- 6) 'Our flight departs at 10.35.' Are you sure .....? that?'
- 7) I'm not ashamed ..... what I did. In fact, I'm quite proud it.
- 8) I wanted to go out for a meal, but nobody else was keen ..... the idea.
- 9) These days everybody is aware ..... the dangers of smoking.
- 10) The station platform was crowded ..... people waiting for the train.
- 11) Sue is much more successful than I am. Sometimes I feel a bit jealous .....her.
- 12) She's very honest. I don't think she is capable ..... telling a lie.
- 13) Helen works hard and she's extremely well ..... her job.
- 14) It's typical..... him to change his mind at the last minute.
- 15) Mark has no money of his own. He's totally dependent ..... his parents.
- 16) We're short .....staff in our office at the moment. We need more people to do the work.

**Verbs followed prepositions**

**Complete each sentence with a preposition where necessary. If no preposition is necessary, Leave the space empty.** To – of – about – in – into – after – in- for- on

- 1) She works quite hard. You can't accuse her ..... **of**..... being lazy.
- 2) Who's going to look ..... your children while you're at work?
- 3) The problem is becoming serious. We have to discuss .....it.
- 4) The problem is becoming serious. We have to do something..... it.
- 5) I prefer this chair ..... the other one. It's more comfortable.



- 6) I need to phone..... the office to tell them I won't be at work today.
- 7) The river divides the city..... two parts.
- 8) Can somebody please explain..... me what I have to do?
- 9) I said hello to her, but she didn't answer ..... me.
- 10) 'Do you Like staying at hotels?' 'It depends..... the hotel
- 11) 'Have you ever been to Borla?' 'No, I've never heard..... it.
- 12) Where is it?' 13 You remind..... me somebody I knew a long time ago. You look just like her.
- 13) This is wonderful news! I can't believe..... it.
- 14) George is not an idealist - he believes .....being practical.
- 15) I apologized Sarah ..... keeping her waiting so long. Phrasal verbs Units 137

### WRITING: A for and against essay

Are African countries democratic countries?

1. write a paragraph in which you present the topic.
2. write 2 paragraphs in which you express your point of view.
3. write a paragraph in which you express a contrasting point of view ( point of view you don't share).
4. write a paragraph to restate your point of view and conclude

### ADDITIONAL EXERCISES

Choose the correct conjunction to make each sentence meaningful.

- 1) I'll try to be on time, but don't worry **if/jwhen**-I'm Late. (if is correct)
- 2) Don't throw that bag away. **If / When** you don't want it, I'LL have it.
- 3) Please report to reception **if / when** you arrive at the hotel.
- 4) We've arranged to go to the beach tomorrow, but we won't go **if / when** it's raining.
- 5) Tanya is in her final year at school. She still doesn't know what she's going to do **if / when** she leaves.



- 6) What would you do **if / when** you lost your keys?
- 7) I hope I'll be able to come to the party, but i'll let you know **if / unless** I can't.
- 8) I don't want to be disturbed, so don't phone me **if / unless** it's something important.
- 9) Please sign the contract **if / unless** you're happy with the conditions.
- 10) I like travelling by ship as long **as / unless** the sea is not rough.
- 11) You might not remember the name of the hotel, so write it down **if / in case** you forget it.
- 12) It's not cold now, but take your coat with you **if / in case** it gets cold later.
- 13) Take your coat with you and then you can put it on **if / in case** it gets cold later.
- 14) They always have the TV on, **even if / if** nobody is watching it.
- 15) **Even / Although** I left home early, I got to work Late.
- 16) **Despite / Although** we've known each other a long time, we're not particularly close friends.

**EXERCISE 2 :** Put in much/many/little/few (one word only).

- 1) She isn't very popular. She has fe-w friends.
- 2) Ann is very busy these days. She has free time.
- 3) Did you take pictures when you were on holiday?
- 4) I'm not very busy today. I don't have to do.
- 5) This is a very modern city. There are . old buildings.
- 6) The weather has been very dry recently. We've had rain.
- 7) 'Do you know Rome?' 'No, I haven't been there for years.'

**EXERCISE 3:** Put in little / a little / few / a few.

- 1) Gary is very busy with his job. He has Little time for other things.
- 2) Listen carefully. I'm going to give you .. advice.
- 3) Do you mind if I ask you questions?
- 4) It's not a very interesting place to visit, so tourists come here.
- 5) I don't think Amy would be a good teacher. She has patience.
- 6) 'Would you like milk in your coffee?' 'Yes, ..... !'
- 7) This is a very boring place to live. There's to do.
- 8) 'Have you ever been to Paris?' 'Yes, I've been there times.'
- 1)

